

Exercise 1C

1 a $4x + 8 = 4(x + 2)$

b $6x - 24 = 6(x - 4)$

c $20x + 15 = 5(4x + 3)$

d $2x^2 + 4 = 2(x^2 + 2)$

e $4x^2 + 20 = 4(x^2 + 5)$

f $6x^2 - 18x = 6x(x - 3)$

g $x^2 - 7x = x(x - 7)$

h $2x^2 + 4x = 2x(x + 2)$

i $3x^2 - x = x(3x - 1)$

j $6x^2 - 2x = 2x(3x - 1)$

k $10y^2 - 5y = 5y(2y - 1)$

l $35x^2 - 28x = 7x(5x - 4)$

m $x^2 + 2x = x(x + 2)$

n $3y^2 + 2y = y(3y + 2)$

o $4x^2 + 12x = 4x(x + 3)$

p $5y^2 - 20y = 5y(y - 4)$

q $9xy^2 + 12x^2y = 3xy(3y + 4x)$

r $6ab - 2ab^2 = 2ab(3 - b)$

s $5x^2 - 25xy = 5x(x - 5y)$

t $12x^2y + 8xy^2 = 4xy(3x + 2y)$

u $15y - 20yz^2 = 5y(3 - 4z^2)$

v $12x^2 - 30 = 6(2x^2 - 5)$

w $xy^2 - x^2y = xy(y - x)$

x $12y^2 - 4yx = 4y(3y - x)$

2 a $x^2 + 4x = x(x + 4)$

b $2x^2 + 6x = 2x(x + 3)$

2 c $x^2 + 11x + 24 = x^2 + 8x + 3x + 24$
 $= x(x + 8) + 3(x + 8)$
 $= (x + 8)(x + 3)$

d $x^2 + 8x + 12 = x^2 + 2x + 6x + 12$
 $= x(x + 2) + 6(x + 2)$
 $= (x + 2)(x + 6)$

e $x^2 + 3x - 40 = x^2 + 8x - 5x - 40$
 $= x(x + 8) - 5(x + 8)$
 $= (x + 8)(x - 5)$

f $x^2 - 8x + 12 = x^2 - 2x - 6x + 12$
 $= x(x - 2) - 6(x - 2)$
 $= (x - 2)(x - 6)$

g $x^2 + 5x + 6 = x^2 + 3x + 2x + 6$
 $= x(x + 3) + 2(x + 3)$
 $= (x + 3)(x + 2)$

h $x^2 - 2x - 24 = x^2 - 6x + 4x - 24$
 $= x(x - 6) + 4(x - 6)$
 $= (x - 6)(x + 4)$

i $x^2 - 3x - 10 = x^2 - 5x + 2x - 10$
 $= x(x - 5) + 2(x - 5)$
 $= (x - 5)(x + 2)$

j $x^2 + x - 20 = x^2 - 4x + 5x - 20$
 $= x(x - 4) + 5(x - 4)$
 $= (x - 4)(x + 5)$

k $2x^2 + 5x + 2 = 2x^2 + x + 4x + 2$
 $= x(2x + 1) + 2(2x + 1)$
 $= (2x + 1)(x + 2)$

l $3x^2 + 10x - 8 = 3x^2 - 2x + 12x - 8$
 $= x(3x - 2) + 4(3x - 2)$
 $= (3x - 2)(x + 4)$

m $5x^2 - 16x + 3 = 5x^2 - 15x - x + 3$
 $= 5x(x - 3) - (x - 3)$
 $= (x - 3)(5x - 1)$

n $6x^2 - 8x - 8 = 6x^2 - 12x + 4x - 8$
 $= 6x(x - 2) + 4(x - 2)$
 $= (x - 2)(6x + 4)$
 $= 2(x - 2)(3x + 2)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2 \quad \text{o} \quad 2x^2 + 7x - 15 &= 2x^2 + 10x - 3x - 15 \\
 &= 2x(x + 5) - 3(x + 5) \\
 &= (x + 5)(2x - 3)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{p} \quad \text{Let } y &= x^2 \\
 2x^4 + 14x^2 + 24 &= 2y^2 + 14y + 24 \\
 &= 2y^2 + 6y + 8y + 24 \\
 &= 2y(y + 3) + 8(y + 3) \\
 &= (y + 3)(2y + 8) \\
 &= (x^2 + 3)(2x^2 + 8) \\
 &= 2(x^2 + 3)(x^2 + 4)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{q} \quad x^2 - 4 &= x^2 - 2^2 \\
 &= (x + 2)(x - 2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{r} \quad x^2 - 49 &= x^2 - 7^2 \\
 &= (x + 7)(x - 7)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{s} \quad 4x^2 - 25 &= (2x)^2 - 5^2 \\
 &= (2x + 5)(2x - 5)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{t} \quad 9x^2 - 25y^2 &= (3x)^2 - (5y)^2 \\
 &= (3x + 5y)(3x - 5y)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{u} \quad 36x^2 - 4 &= 4(9x^2 - 1) \\
 &= 4((3x)^2 - 1^2) \\
 &= 4(3x + 1)(3x - 1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{v} \quad 2x^2 - 50 &= 2(x^2 - 25) \\
 &= 2(x^2 - 5^2) \\
 &= 2(x + 5)(x - 5)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{w} \quad 6x^2 - 10x + 4 &= 2(3x^2 - 5x + 2) \\
 &= 2(3x^2 - 3x - 2x + 2) \\
 &= 2(3x(x - 1) - 2(x - 1)) \\
 &= 2(x - 1)(3x - 2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{x} \quad 15x^2 + 42x - 9 &= 3(5x^2 + 14x - 3) \\
 &= 3(5x^2 - x + 15x - 3) \\
 &= 3(x(5x - 1) + 3(5x - 1)) \\
 &= 3(5x - 1)(x + 3)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \quad \text{a} \quad x^3 + 2x = x(x^2 + 2)$$

$$\text{b} \quad x^3 - x^2 + x = x(x^2 - x + 1)$$

$$\text{c} \quad x^3 - 5x = x(x^2 - 5)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{d} \quad x^3 - 9x &= x(x^2 - 9) \\
 &= x(x^2 - 3^2) \\
 &= x(x + 3)(x - 3)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3 \quad \text{e} \quad x^3 - x^2 - 12x &= x(x^2 - x - 12) \\
 &= x(x^2 - 4x + 3x - 12) \\
 &= x(x(x - 4) + 3(x - 4)) \\
 &= x(x - 4)(x + 3)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{f} \quad x^3 + 11x^2 + 30x &= x(x^2 + 11x + 30) \\
 &= x(x^2 + 5x + 6x + 30) \\
 &= x(x(x + 5) + 6(x + 5)) \\
 &= x(x + 5)(x + 6)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{g} \quad x^3 - 7x^2 + 6x &= x(x^2 - 7x + 6) \\
 &= x(x^2 - x - 6x + 6) \\
 &= x(x(x - 1) - 6(x - 1)) \\
 &= x(x - 1)(x - 6)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{h} \quad x^3 - 64x &= x(x^2 - 64) \\
 &= x(x^2 - 8^2) \\
 &= x(x + 8)(x - 8)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{i} \quad 2x^3 - 5x^2 - 3x &= x(2x^2 - 5x - 3) \\
 &= x(2x^2 + x - 6x - 3) \\
 &= x(x(2x + 1) - 3(2x + 1)) \\
 &= x(2x + 1)(x - 3)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{j} \quad 2x^3 + 13x^2 + 15x &= x(2x^2 + 13x + 15) \\
 &= x(2x^2 + 3x + 10x + 15) \\
 &= x(x(2x + 3) + 5(2x + 3)) \\
 &= x(2x + 3)(x + 5)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{k} \quad x^3 - 4x &= x(x^2 - 4) \\
 &= x(x^2 - 2^2) \\
 &= x(x + 2)(x - 2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{l} \quad 3x^3 + 27x^2 + 60x &= 3x(x^2 + 9x + 20) \\
 &= 3x(x^2 + 4x + 5x + 20) \\
 &= 3x(x(x + 4) + 5(x + 4)) \\
 &= 3x(x + 4)(x + 5)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4 \quad x^4 - y^4 &= (x^2)^2 - (y^2)^2 \\
 &= (x^2 + y^2)(x^2 - y^2) \\
 &= (x^2 + y^2)(x + y)(x - y)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 5 \quad 6x^3 + 7x^2 - 5x &= x(6x^2 + 7x - 5) \\
 &= x(6x^2 + 10x - 3x - 5) \\
 &= x(2x(3x + 5) - (3x + 5)) \\
 &= x(3x + 5)(2x - 1)
 \end{aligned}$$

Challenge

$$\begin{aligned}
 4x^4 - 13x^2 + 9 &= (4x^4 - 4x^2 - 9x^2 + 9) \\
 &= 4x^2(x^2 - 1) - 9(x^2 - 1) \\
 &= (x^2 - 1)(4x^2 - 9) \\
 &= (x^2 - 1^2)((2x)^2 - 3^2) \\
 &= (x + 1)(x - 1)(2x + 3)(2x - 3)
 \end{aligned}$$